### Flux – PhenoCam Data Fusion to Understand Surface Energy Balance

PhenoCam Team
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AGU 2018-12-11

Slides Credit: Adam Young

## Phenology

"the study of the timing of recurrent biological events, the causes their timing with regard to biotic and abiotic forces, ..."

Lieth 1974











# \*Phenology has a strong control over ecosystem structure and function



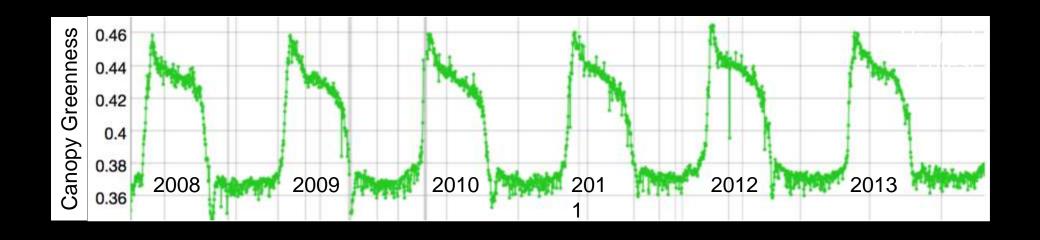
#### The PhenoCam Network:

Near-surface remote sensing of vegetation phenology

- PhenoCam uses imagery from networked digital cameras for continuous monitoring of plant canopies
- Images recorded every 30 minutes, sunrise to sunset, 365 days a year
- Scale of observations is comparable to that of tower-based flux measurements



**Harvard Forest** 



### Methods – data synthesis using ...

### PhenoCam Data

- Continuous/daily measurement of phenology and canopy development
- Provides estimates for phenological transition dates (e.g., green-up and green-down)



### Flux-Tower Data

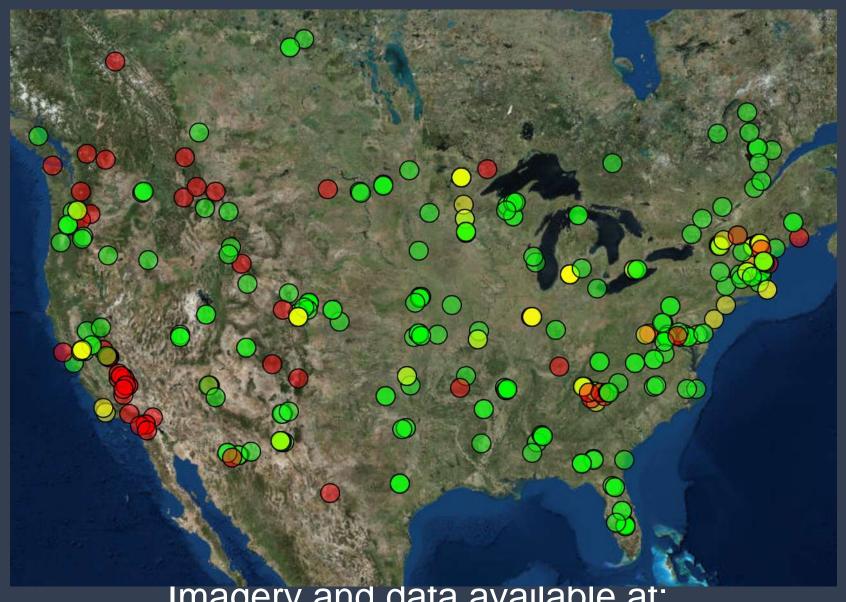
 Continuous measurements (30 min) of land-atmosphere energy exchanges and meteorological variables (e.g. wind speed, temperature, RH)





(Photo credits: Richard Wehr)

#### 2018: A network of over 500 cameras



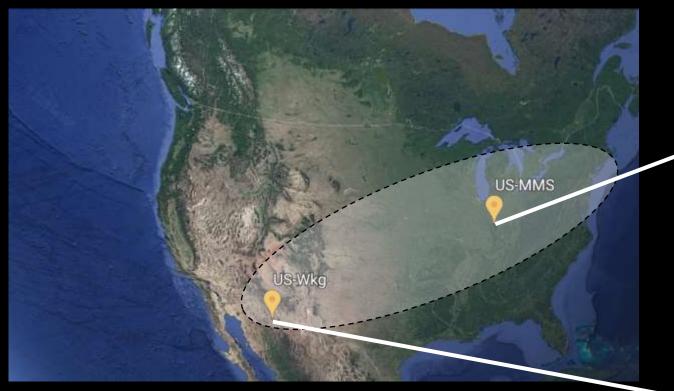
Imagery and data available at: http://phenocam.sr.unh.edu/





Battelle

### Test sites



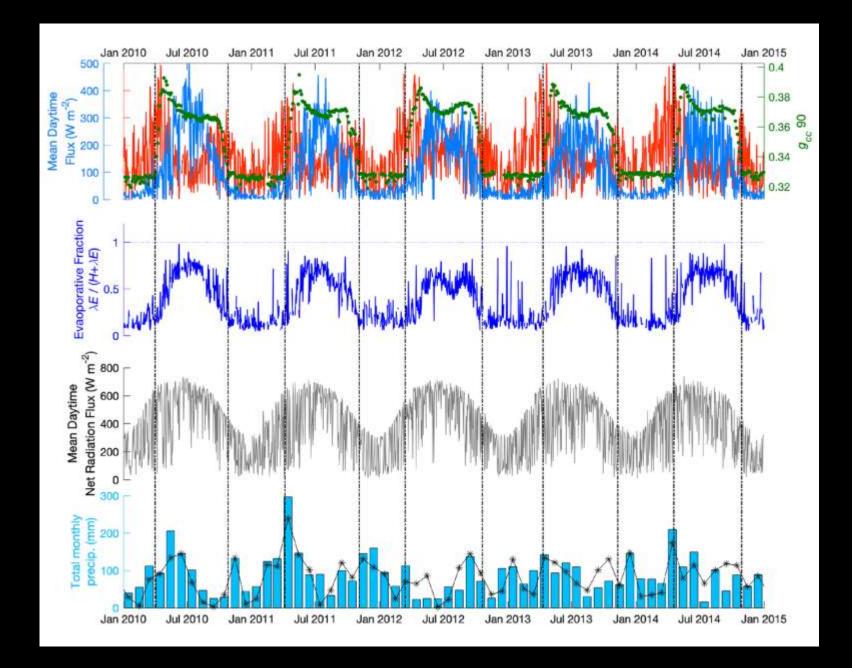
1		US-MMS	S S

Morgan Monroe State Forest

Walnut Gulch Kendall Grasslands

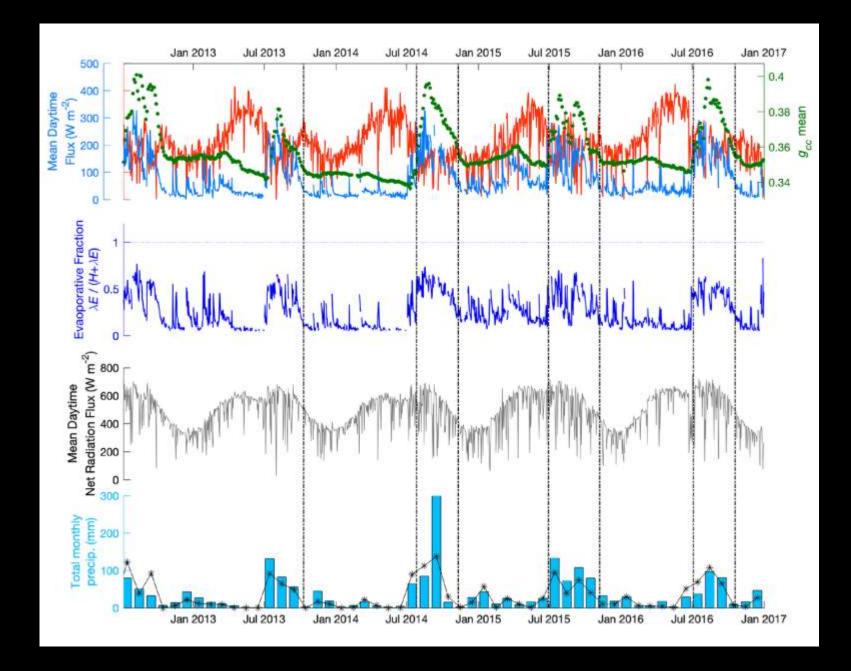
Flux Site	PhenoCam	Veg Type
US-MMS	morganmonroe	Deciduous Broadleaf
US-Wkg	kendall	Arid grassland





#### Morgan Monroe State Forest

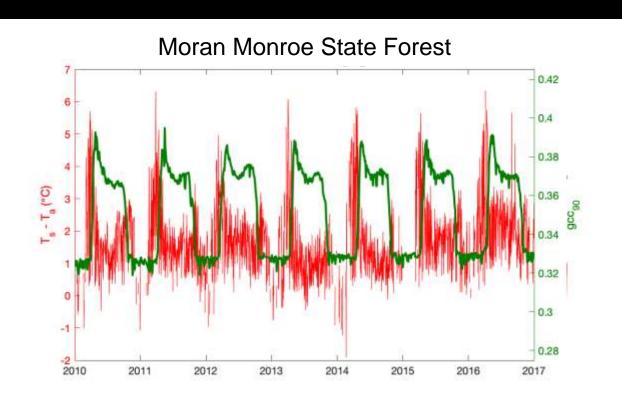


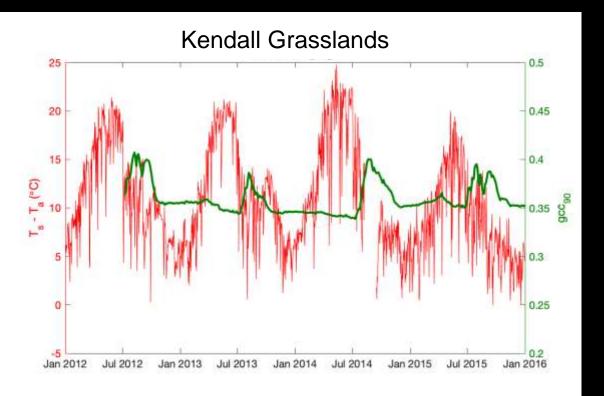


#### Walnut Gulch Kendall Grasslands



#### Differences between surface $(T_s)$ and air temperature $(T_a)$





### Wrapping up

The **PhenoCam** network uses **networked digital cameras** to track vegetation phenology across North America

NEON sites have PhenoCam

Same temporal resolution as the flux data

Answering key questions on understanding surface energy balance with phenology