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The NSF's National Ecological Observatory Network has 34 freshwater aquatic field sites, including 24 wadeable streams, seven lakes, and three non-wadeable rivers. Locations are representative of aquatic features and habitats typical of regions across the United States within each NEON domain (excluding D20: Pacific Tropical) and near to NEON's 47 terrestrial field sites whenever feasible.

## Data Collection Systems at Aquatic Sites Automated instruments • Observational Sampling • Airborne Remote Sensing

NEON data products are open access and can be used in conjunction with one another because they're gathered in close proximity to each other at a site. The data are also comparable among field sites so researchers can study connections and patterns across ecosystems, and then develop models to forecast environmental change locally, regionally and at a continental scale.





	AUTOMATED INSTRUMENT MEASUREMENTS BY AQUATIC SITE TYPE								
		Streams		Rivers		Lakes			
	Automated Instrument Measurements	Upstream	Downstream	Buoy B	Near Bank	Buoy B	Inlet In	Outlet	
	PAR at water surface	1	1	1	$\bigcirc$	$\checkmark$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
	PAR below water surface	$\otimes$	$\bigcirc$	1	1	<b>√</b>	1	1	
	Elevation of surface water (pressure transducer based)	✓	1	$\bigcirc$	1	$\bigcirc$	<b>√</b>	1	
	Temperature in surface water	✓	1	$\bigcirc$	1	$\bigcirc$	1	1	
	Temperature at specific depth in surface water (depths vary by site)	$\odot$	$\bigcirc$	1	$\odot$	1	$\odot$	$\otimes$	
	Water quality: specific conductivity, chlorophyll a, dissolved oxygen content, pH, turbidity, and fluorescent dissolved organic matter (fDOM)	✓ (no fDOM)	1	1	$\bigcirc$	<b>√</b>	$\odot$	$\otimes$	
	Nitrate in surface water	$\otimes$	1	$\checkmark$	$\bigcirc$	$\checkmark$	$\bigcirc$	$\odot$	
	Groundwater wells: specific conductivity, water temperature, elevation of groundwater	✓ Up to 8 per field site							
Μ	Meteorological measurements: wind speed and direction, air temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity, shortwave radiation, and photosynthetically active radiation (PAR)	✓ One on bank		✓ One on bank, One on buoy		✓ One on bank, One on buoy			

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# **Open Data to Understand our Changing Aquatic Ecosystems**

Legend for Aquatic Sites Water Chemistry Sampling Groundwater Well M Meteorological Station

Note: Fish, sediments, macroinvertebrates, plants, and macroalgae are sampled based on site-specific habitats and are not identified in the figures.













#### **Aquatic Plants & Microalg**

- Aquatic plant bryophyte macro harvest
- Aquatic plant, bryophyte, lichen, and macroalgae point counts in wadeable streams
- Periphyton, seston, and phytoplankton collection

#### Aquatic Microbes

- Benthic microbe community composition
- Benthic microbe group abundances
- Surface water microbe cell count
- Surface water microbe community composition
- Surface water microbe group abundances

#### Macroinvertebrates & Zooplankton

- Macroinvertebrate collection
- Zooplankton collection

#### Fish

• Fish electrofishing, gill netting, and fyke netting counts

#### DNA & Meta-Barcode Sequences

- Benthic microbe marker genes
- Benthic microbe metagenomes
- Surface water microbe marker genes
- Surface water microbe metagenomes

## Types Of Data Collected At Terrestrial And Aquatic Field Sites

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oalgae	clip

- Fish DNA barcodes
- Macroinvertebrate DNA metabarcodes
- Zooplankton DNA metabarcodes

#### Biogeochemical

- Aquatic plant bryophyte chemical properties • Periphyton, seston, and phytoplankton chemical properties
- Sediment chemical properties
- Chemical properties of groundwater
- Chemical properties of surface water
- Stable isotope concentrations in groundwater
- Stable isotope concentrations in surface
- waters
- Dissolved gases in surface water
- Reaeration field and lab collection

#### Aquatic Physical

- Riparian composition and structure
- Riparian vegetation % cover
- Morphology maps (streams)
- Bathymetric maps (lakes and rivers)
- Sediment physical properties
- Salt-based stream discharge
- Stream discharge field collection
- Depth profile at specific depths
- Secchi depth

A NEON Airborne Observation Platform (AOP) is an array of instruments installed into a light aircraft to collect high resolution remote sensing data.

Collection of AOP data is synchronized with data collected on the ground at each site and takes place at peak greeness for each field site. Instruments include a discrete and waveform lidar, a hyperspectral imaging spectrometer, and a high resolution digital camera. All data are open access.

NEON has three AOPs that are used to capture data over NEON field sites and collect research-specific flight campaign data requested by the community.



Above: a point cloud from the lidar system.



## AIRBORNE REMOTE SENSING SURVEYS



Above: a hyperspectral cube from the spectrometer.

Left: an ortho-rectified and mosaicked aerial photo.